## Sturmian words

Sturmian words are infinite words over a binary alphabet that have exactly


Fibonacci sequence on the Mole Antonelliana (Turin, Italie). $n+1$ factors of length $n$ for each $n \geq 0$ [1].
Sturmian words appear in different domains: Combinatorics on Words, Symbolic Dynamics, Theory of Fractals, Algebra, Theory of Codes, etc. In 2011 we started a collective project to better understand these interactions.

The most well-know example of a Sturmian word is the Fibonacci word.
It can be computed in different ways as, for example:

- a fixed point of a primitive morphism $\varphi$, - the limit of a sequence $f_{n}$ [1].

The term «Sturmian », after the French mathematician Charles Sturm, appears first in the work of Gustav Hedlund and Marston Morse [2].


Marston Morse

Sturmian sequences can be defined geometrically as cutting sequences for lines of irrational slope, i.e. as a sequence of symbols whose elements correspond to the "cut" as the line crosses a square grid [1].

Using the factors of length $n$ of the Fibonacci word we can obtain in the free group all words of length multiple of $n$ [3] (special case of the Finite Index Basis Theorem [4]).

## Bibliography

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