

# Fyzika laserů – cvičení

## Řídící rovnice pro tlumený lineární harmonický oscilátor

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# Tlumený lineární harmonický oscilátor

- ▶ Výchozí řídící rovnice ve Schrödingerově reprezentaci

$$\frac{\partial \hat{\varrho}_S^S(t)}{\partial t} \doteq \frac{1}{i\hbar} [\hat{H}_S, \hat{\varrho}_S^S(t)] - \sum_{i,j} \delta(\omega_i + \omega_j) \times \\ \times \left\{ \left( \hat{Q}_i^S \hat{Q}_j^S \hat{\varrho}_S^S(t) - \hat{Q}_j^S \hat{\varrho}_S^S(t) \hat{Q}_i^S \right) w_{ij}^+ - \left( \hat{Q}_i^S \hat{\varrho}_S^S(t) \hat{Q}_j^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S(t) \hat{Q}_j^S \hat{Q}_i^S \right) w_{ji}^- \right\}$$

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Např. jeden mód elektromagnetického pole

$$\hat{H}_S \equiv \hbar \omega_c \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}, \quad \text{kde } \omega_c \text{ je vlastní frekvence LHO} \quad (1)$$

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Např. fonony mřížky matrice laserového krystalu při dané teplotě

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- **Interakční Hamiltonián**

$$\hat{V} = \hbar \sum_l \left( \kappa_l \hat{b}_l \hat{a}^\dagger + \kappa_l^* \hat{b}_l^\dagger \hat{a} \right), \quad \text{kde } \kappa_l \text{ jsou vazební konstanty} \quad (3)$$

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- ▶ Uvažujeme tedy vzájemnou výměnu právě jednoho kvanta energie mezi LHO a  $I$ -tým módem rezervoáru

$$[\hat{a}, \hat{a}^\dagger] = 1, \quad [\hat{b}_k, \hat{b}_l^\dagger] = \delta_{kl}, \quad \langle n|m\rangle = \delta_{nm}, \quad \langle n_k|m_l\rangle = \delta_{kl} \delta_{n_k m_l}$$

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- ▶ Potřebné spektrální hustoty rezervoáru určíme integrací

$$w_{ij}^+ = \int_0^\infty e^{i\omega_i \tau} \left\langle \hat{F}_i^{\mathcal{I}}(\tau) \hat{F}_j \right\rangle_R d\tau, \quad w_{ji}^- = \int_0^\infty e^{i\omega_j \tau} \left\langle \hat{F}_j \hat{F}_i^{\mathcal{I}}(\tau) \right\rangle_R d\tau$$

$$\tau = t - t_0, \omega_1 = \omega_c, \omega_2 = -\omega_c$$

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- ▶ Opět sečteme řady a dostaneme hledaný výsledek:

$$\hat{a}(t) = \sum_m f_m^* (\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a})^m \sum_n f_n (1 + \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a})^n \hat{a} = e^{i\omega_c \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}(t-t_0)} e^{-i\omega_c(1+\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a})(t-t_0)} \hat{a} = \hat{a} e^{-i\omega_c(t-t_0)}$$

- ▶ Příklad výpočtu korelační funkce:

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- Rezervoár v termodynamické rovnováze

$$\left\langle \hat{b}_I^\dagger \hat{b}_m \right\rangle_R = \sum_{\{n_\lambda\}} \langle \{n_\lambda\} | \hat{b}_I^\dagger \hat{b}_m | \frac{e^{-\beta \hat{H}_R}}{Z} | \{n_\lambda\} \rangle = \sum_{\{n_\lambda\}} \underbrace{\langle \{n_\lambda\} | \hat{b}_I^\dagger \hat{b}_m | \{n_\lambda\} \rangle}_{\delta_{Im} n_I} \frac{e^{-\beta E_{\{n_\lambda\}}}}{Z} =$$

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- Partiční funkce

$$\begin{aligned} Z = \text{Tr}_R \{ e^{-\beta \hat{H}_R} \} &= \sum_{\{n_\lambda\}} \langle \{n_\lambda\} | e^{-\beta \hat{H}_R} | \{n_\lambda\} \rangle = \sum_{\{n_\lambda\}} e^{-\beta E_{\{n_\lambda\}}} = \\ &= \prod_I \sum_{n_I} e^{-\beta E_{n_I}} = \prod_I Z_I \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum_{\{n_\lambda\}} n_l e^{-\beta E_{\{n_\lambda\}}} = \sum_{n_1} \cdots \sum_{n_{l-1}} \sum_{n_l} \sum_{n_{l+1}} \cdots \sum_{n_\infty} n_l e^{-\lambda_1 n_1 - \cdots - \lambda_{l-1} n_{l-1} - \lambda_l n_l - \lambda_{l+1} n_{l+1} - \cdots - \lambda_\infty n_\infty} =$$

$$\sum_{\{n_\lambda\}} n_I e^{-\beta E_{\{n_\lambda\}}} = \sum_{n_1} \cdots \sum_{n_{I-1}} \sum_{n_I} \sum_{n_{I+1}} \cdots \sum_{n_\infty} n_I e^{-\lambda_1 n_1 - \cdots - \lambda_{I-1} n_{I-1} - \lambda_I n_I - \lambda_{I+1} n_{I+1} - \cdots - \lambda_\infty n_\infty} =$$
$$= \sum_{n_I} n_I e^{-\lambda_I n_I} \sum_{n_1} \cdots \sum_{n_{I-1}} \sum_{n_{I+1}} \cdots \sum_{n_\infty} e^{-\lambda_1 n_1 - \cdots - \lambda_{I-1} n_{I-1} - \lambda_{I+1} n_{I+1} - \cdots - \lambda_\infty n_\infty} =$$

## Partiční funkce

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{\{n_\lambda\}} n_l e^{-\beta E_{\{n_\lambda\}}} &= \sum_{n_1} \cdots \sum_{n_{l-1}} \sum_{n_l} \sum_{n_{l+1}} \cdots \sum_{n_\infty} n_l e^{-\lambda_1 n_1 - \cdots - \lambda_{l-1} n_{l-1} - \lambda_l n_l - \lambda_{l+1} n_{l+1} - \cdots - \lambda_\infty n_\infty} = \\ &= \sum_{n_l} n_l e^{-\lambda_l n_l} \sum_{n_1} \cdots \sum_{n_{l-1}} \sum_{n_{l+1}} \cdots \sum_{n_\infty} e^{-\lambda_1 n_1 - \cdots - \lambda_{l-1} n_{l-1} - \lambda_{l+1} n_{l+1} - \cdots - \lambda_\infty n_\infty} = \\ &= \sum_{n_l} n_l e^{-\lambda_l n_l} \sum'_{\{n_\lambda\}} e^{-\beta E_{\{n_\lambda\}}} = \sum_{n_l} n_l e^{-\lambda_l n_l} Z' \end{aligned}$$

# Partiční funkce

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{\{n_\lambda\}} n_I e^{-\beta E_{\{n_\lambda\}}} &= \sum_{n_1} \cdots \sum_{n_{I-1}} \sum_{n_I} \sum_{n_{I+1}} \cdots \sum_{n_\infty} n_I e^{-\lambda_1 n_1 - \cdots - \lambda_{I-1} n_{I-1} - \lambda_I n_I - \lambda_{I+1} n_{I+1} - \cdots - \lambda_\infty n_\infty} = \\ &= \sum_{n_I} n_I e^{-\lambda_I n_I} \sum_{n_1} \cdots \sum_{n_{I-1}} \sum_{n_{I+1}} \cdots \sum_{n_\infty} e^{-\lambda_1 n_1 - \cdots - \lambda_{I-1} n_{I-1} - \lambda_{I+1} n_{I+1} - \cdots - \lambda_\infty n_\infty} = \\ &= \sum_{n_I} n_I e^{-\lambda_I n_I} \sum_{\{n_\lambda\}}' e^{-\beta E_{\{n_\lambda\}}} = \sum_{n_I} n_I e^{-\lambda_I n_I} Z' \\ Z &= Z_I Z' \\ \sum_{\{n_\lambda\}} n_I \frac{e^{-\beta E_{\{n_\lambda\}}}}{Z} &= \sum_{n_I} n_I \frac{e^{-\lambda_I n_I}}{Z_I} = \frac{1}{e^{\lambda_I} - 1} \\ Z_I &= \sum_{n_I=0}^{\infty} e^{-\lambda_I n_I} = \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} q^n = \frac{1}{1-q}, \quad q = e^{-\lambda_I} < 1 \right\} = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-\lambda_I}} \\ \sum_{n_I=0}^{\infty} n_I e^{-\lambda_I n_I} &= -\frac{d}{d\lambda_I} \sum_{n_I=0}^{\infty} e^{-\lambda_I n_I} = -\frac{d}{d\lambda} \frac{1}{1 - e^{-\lambda_I}} = \frac{e^{-\lambda_I}}{(1 - e^{-\lambda_I})^2} \end{aligned}$$

# Korelační funkce

- Příklad výpočtu korelační funkce:

$$\left\langle \hat{F}_2^{\mathcal{T}}(\tau) \hat{F}_1 \right\rangle_R = \left\langle \sum_I \kappa_I^* e^{i\omega_I \tau} \hat{b}_I^\dagger \sum_m \kappa_m \hat{b}_m \right\rangle_R = \sum_{I,m} \kappa_I^* \kappa_m e^{i\omega_I \tau} \left\langle \hat{b}_I^\dagger \hat{b}_m \right\rangle_R$$

- Rezervoár v termodynamické rovnováze

$$\begin{aligned} \left\langle \hat{b}_I^\dagger \hat{b}_m \right\rangle_R &= \sum_{\{n_\lambda\}} \langle \{n_\lambda\} | \hat{b}_I^\dagger \hat{b}_m | \{n_\lambda\} \rangle = \sum_{\{n_\lambda\}} \underbrace{\langle \{n_\lambda\} | \hat{b}_I^\dagger \hat{b}_m | \{n_\lambda\} \rangle}_{\delta_{Im} n_I} \frac{e^{-\beta E_{\{n_\lambda\}}}}{Z} = \\ &= \delta_{Im} \sum_{\{n_\lambda\}} n_I \frac{e^{-\beta E_{\{n_\lambda\}}}}{Z} = \delta_{Im} \sum_{n_I} n_I \frac{e^{-\beta E_{n_I}}}{Z_I} \underbrace{\frac{\sum'_{\{n_\lambda\}} e^{-\beta E_{\{n_\lambda\}}}}{Z'}}_1 = \frac{\delta_{Im}}{e^{\lambda_I} - 1} = \bar{n}_I \delta_{Im} \end{aligned}$$

kde

$$\lambda_I = \frac{\hbar \omega_I}{kT}$$

# Korelační funkce

- Příklad výpočtu korelační funkce:

$$\left\langle \hat{F}_2^{\mathcal{I}}(\tau) \hat{F}_1 \right\rangle_R = \left\langle \sum_I \kappa_I^* e^{i\omega_I \tau} \hat{b}_I^\dagger \sum_m \kappa_m \hat{b}_m \right\rangle_R = \sum_{I,m} \kappa_I^* \kappa_m e^{i\omega_I \tau} \left\langle \hat{b}_I^\dagger \hat{b}_m \right\rangle_R$$

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kde

$$\lambda_I = \frac{\hbar \omega_I}{kT}$$

- Tedy:

$$\left\langle \hat{F}_2^{\mathcal{I}}(\tau) \hat{F}_1 \right\rangle_R = \sum_I |\kappa_I|^2 e^{i\omega_I \tau} \bar{n}_I$$

- Podobně další:

$$\left\langle \hat{F}_2 \hat{F}_1^{\mathcal{T}}(\tau) \right\rangle_R = \sum_{l,m} \kappa_l^* \kappa_m e^{-i\omega_m \tau} \left\langle \hat{b}_l^\dagger \hat{b}_m \right\rangle_R = \sum_l |\kappa_l|^2 e^{-i\omega_l \tau} \bar{n}_l$$

$$\left\langle \hat{F}_1^{\mathcal{T}}(\tau) \hat{F}_1 \right\rangle_R = \left\langle \hat{F}_1 \hat{F}_1^{\mathcal{T}}(\tau) \right\rangle_R = \sum_{l,m} \kappa_l \kappa_m e^{-i\omega_m \tau} \left\langle \hat{b}_l \hat{b}_m \right\rangle_R = 0$$

$$\left\langle \hat{F}_2^{\mathcal{T}}(\tau) \hat{F}_2 \right\rangle_R = \left\langle \hat{F}_2 \hat{F}_2^{\mathcal{T}}(\tau) \right\rangle_R = \sum_{l,m} \kappa_l \kappa_m e^{i\omega_l \tau} \left\langle \hat{b}_l^\dagger \hat{b}_m^\dagger \right\rangle_R = 0$$

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- Při výpočtu korelace s členy typu  $\left\langle \hat{b} \hat{b}^\dagger \right\rangle_R$  využijeme  $[\hat{b}, \hat{b}^\dagger] = 1$

$$\left\langle \hat{b}_l \hat{b}_l^\dagger \right\rangle_R = \left\langle \hat{b}_l^\dagger \hat{b}_l + 1 \right\rangle_R = \left\langle \hat{b}_l^\dagger \hat{b}_l \right\rangle_R + 1 = \bar{n}_l + 1.$$

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- Tedy:

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$$\left\langle \hat{F}_1^{\mathcal{T}}(\tau) \hat{F}_2 \right\rangle_R = \sum_{l,m} \kappa_l^* \kappa_m e^{-i\omega_l \tau} \left\langle \hat{b}_l \hat{b}_m^\dagger \right\rangle_R = \sum_l |\kappa_l|^2 e^{-i\omega_l \tau} (\bar{n}_l + 1)$$

- Definice:

$$w_{ij}^+ = \int_0^\infty e^{i\omega_i \tau} \left\langle \hat{F}_i^{\mathcal{T}}(\tau) \hat{F}_j \right\rangle_R d\tau, \quad w_{ji}^- = \int_0^\infty e^{i\omega_i \tau} \left\langle \hat{F}_j \hat{F}_i^{\mathcal{T}}(\tau) \right\rangle_R d\tau$$

# Spektrální hustoty korelačních funkcí

- Definice:

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- Po dosazení pro  $i, j = \{1, 2\}$  ( $\omega_1 = \omega_c, \omega_2 = -\omega_c$ ):

$$w_{12}^+ = \sum_I |\kappa_I|^2 (\bar{n}_I + 1) \int_0^\infty e^{i(\omega_c - \omega_I)\tau} d\tau$$

$$w_{12}^- = \sum_I |\kappa_I|^2 (\bar{n}_I + 1) \int_0^\infty e^{i(\omega_I - \omega_c)\tau} d\tau = (w_{12}^+)^*$$

$$w_{21}^+ = \sum_I |\kappa_I|^2 \bar{n}_I \int_0^\infty e^{i(\omega_I - \omega_c)\tau} d\tau$$

$$w_{21}^- = \sum_I |\kappa_I|^2 \bar{n}_I \int_0^\infty e^{i(\omega_c - \omega_I)\tau} d\tau = (w_{21}^+)^*$$

$$w_{11}^+ = w_{11}^- = w_{22}^+ = w_{22}^- = 0$$

## Spektrální hustoty korelačních funkcí

- Další úpravy uděláme pouze pro  $w_{12}^+$  – ostatní podobně. Máme:

$$w_{12}^+ = \sum_I |\kappa_I|^2 \bar{n}_I \int_0^\infty e^{i(\omega_I - \omega_c)\tau} d\tau$$

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- Využijme Cauchyho integrál ve smyslu vlastní hodnoty  $\mathcal{P}\frac{1}{\Omega}$ :

$$\int_0^\infty e^{\pm i\Omega\tau} d\tau = \pi\delta(\Omega) \pm i\mathcal{P}\frac{1}{\Omega}$$

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- Předpokládáme, že módy rezervoáru jsou blízko sebe

$$\sum_I \{\dots\} \rightarrow \int_0^\infty d\omega_I g(\omega_I) \{\dots\}$$

$g(\omega_I)$  vyjadřuje váhu intervalu (hustotu počtu módů)  $(\omega_I, \omega_I + d\omega_I)$

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- Tedy

$$w_{21}^+ = \underbrace{\pi \int_0^\infty d\omega_I g(\omega_I) |\kappa(\omega_I)|^2 \bar{n}(\omega_I) \delta(\omega_I - \omega_c)}_{\pi g(\omega_c) |\kappa(\omega_c)|^2 \bar{n}(\omega_c)} + \underbrace{i\mathcal{P} \int_0^\infty d\omega_I \frac{g(\omega_I) \bar{n}(\omega_I) |\kappa(\omega_I)|^2}{\omega_I - \omega_c}}_{\text{když přijmeme, že integrál přispívá hlavně pro } \omega_I \sim \omega_c, \text{ můžeme položit } \bar{n}(\omega_I) \sim \bar{n}(\omega_c)}$$

- ▶ Po provedení integrace získáváme:

$$w_{21}^+ = \left(\frac{\gamma}{2} - i\Delta\omega\right) \bar{n}(\omega_c) = w_{21}^{-*}$$

$$w_{12}^+ = \left(\frac{\gamma}{2} + i\Delta\omega\right) (\bar{n}(\omega_c) + 1) = w_{12}^{-*}$$

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# Spektrální hustoty korelačních funkcí

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- ▶ Přitom ( $\kappa$  má stejný rozměr jako  $\omega$ ,  $d\omega_I g(\omega_I)$  musí být bezrozměrné, tj.  $g$  má rozměr  $\omega^{-1}$ ):

$$\begin{aligned}\gamma &= 2\pi g(\omega_c) |\kappa(\omega_c)|^2 \\ \Delta\omega &= -\mathcal{P} \int_0^\infty \frac{d\omega_I g(\omega_I) |\kappa(\omega_I)|^2}{\omega_I - \omega_c} \\ \bar{n}(\omega_c) &= \frac{1}{\exp[\hbar\omega_c/kT] - 1}\end{aligned}$$

# Řídící rovnice pro tlumený harmonický oscilátor

- ▶ Výchozí řídící rovnice ve Schrödingerově reprezentaci

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial \hat{\varrho}_S^S(t)}{\partial t} = & \frac{1}{i\hbar} [\hat{H}_S, \hat{\varrho}_S^S(t)] - \sum_{i,j} \delta(\omega_i + \omega_j) \times \\ & \times \left\{ \left( \hat{Q}_i^S \hat{Q}_j^S \hat{\varrho}_S^S(t) - \hat{Q}_j^S \hat{\varrho}_S^S(t) \hat{Q}_i^S \right) w_{ij}^+ - \left( \hat{Q}_i^S \hat{\varrho}_S^S(t) \hat{Q}_j^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S(t) \hat{Q}_j^S \hat{Q}_i^S \right) w_{ji}^- \right\}\end{aligned}$$

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- ▶ První komutátor

$$\frac{1}{i\hbar} [\hat{H}_S, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] = -i\omega_c [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S]$$

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$$\text{pro } i = 1, j = 2 : \quad \sum_{i,j} \dots = [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger] w_{12}^+ - [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger] w_{21}^-$$

$$\text{pro } i = 2, j = 1 : \quad \sum_{i,j} \dots = [\hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}] w_{21}^+ - [\hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}] w_{12}^-$$

# Řídící rovnice pro tlumený harmonický oscilátor

- Výchozí řídící rovnice ve Schrödingerově reprezentaci

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$$\text{pro } i = 2, j = 1 : \quad \sum_{i,j} \dots = [\hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}] w_{21}^+ - [\hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}] w_{12}^-$$

- Sečteme tyto dva členy, použijeme komutační relaci  $[\hat{a}, \hat{a}^\dagger] = 1$  a vztah:

$$[\hat{\varrho}_S^S, \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger] + [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] = (\hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S) + (\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}) = \\ = (\hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} + \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S) + (\hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}) = 0$$

# Řídící rovnice pro tlumený harmonický oscilátor

- ▶ Spektrální hustoty korelačních funkcí:

$$w_{21}^+ = \left( \frac{\gamma}{2} - i\Delta\omega \right) \bar{n}, \quad w_{21}^- = \left( \frac{\gamma}{2} + i\Delta\omega \right) \bar{n}$$

$$w_{12}^+ = \left( \frac{\gamma}{2} + i\Delta\omega \right) (\bar{n} + 1), \quad w_{12}^- = \left( \frac{\gamma}{2} - i\Delta\omega \right) (\bar{n} + 1)$$

# Řídící rovnice pro tlumený harmonický oscilátor

- ▶ Spektrální hustoty korelačních funkcí:

$$w_{21}^+ = \left( \frac{\gamma}{2} - i\Delta\omega \right) \bar{n}, \quad w_{21}^- = \left( \frac{\gamma}{2} + i\Delta\omega \right) \bar{n}$$

$$w_{12}^+ = \left( \frac{\gamma}{2} + i\Delta\omega \right) (\bar{n} + 1), \quad w_{12}^- = \left( \frac{\gamma}{2} - i\Delta\omega \right) (\bar{n} + 1)$$

- ▶ Tj.:

$$\begin{aligned} & \left[ \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \right] w_{12}^+ - \left[ \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \right] w_{21}^- = \\ &= \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \frac{\gamma}{2} (\bar{n} + 1) + \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S i\Delta\omega (\bar{n} + 1) - \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \frac{\gamma}{2} (\bar{n} + 1) - \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger i\Delta\omega (\bar{n} + 1) - \\ &\quad - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} \frac{\gamma}{2} \bar{n} - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} i\Delta\omega \bar{n} + \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \frac{\gamma}{2} \bar{n} + \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger i\Delta\omega \bar{n} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left[ \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} \right] w_{21}^+ - \left[ \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \right] w_{12}^- = \\ &= \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \frac{\gamma}{2} \bar{n} - \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S i\Delta\omega \bar{n} - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} \frac{\gamma}{2} \bar{n} + \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} i\Delta\omega \bar{n} - \\ &\quad - \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \frac{\gamma}{2} (\bar{n} + 1) + \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger i\Delta\omega (\bar{n} + 1) + \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \frac{\gamma}{2} (\bar{n} + 1) - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} i\Delta\omega (\bar{n} + 1) \end{aligned}$$

## Řídící rovnice pro tlumený harmonický oscilátor

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\gamma}{2} \bar{n} \left( \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} + \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} - \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \right) &= \\ = \frac{\gamma}{2} \bar{n} \left( [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] + [\hat{\varrho}_S^S, \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger] - 2\hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - 2\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} + 2\hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S + 2\hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \right) &= \\ = -\gamma \bar{n} \left( \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} + \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \right) &= -\gamma \bar{n} \left( \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} + \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \right)\end{aligned}$$

## Řídící rovnice pro tlumený harmonický oscilátor

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\gamma}{2} \bar{n} \left( \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} + \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} - \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \right) = \\ = \frac{\gamma}{2} \bar{n} \left( [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] + [\hat{\varrho}_S^S, \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger] - 2 \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - 2 \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} + 2 \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S + 2 \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \right) = \\ = -\gamma \bar{n} \left( \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} + \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \right) = -\gamma \bar{n} \left( \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} + \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \right) \\ \frac{\gamma}{2} \left( \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \right) = -\frac{\gamma}{2} \left( 2 \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} \hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger \right)\end{aligned}$$

## Řídící rovnice pro tlumený harmonický oscilátor

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\gamma}{2}\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= \\ = \frac{\gamma}{2}\bar{n}\left([\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] + [\hat{\varrho}_S^S, \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger] - 2\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - 2\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + 2\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S + 2\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= \\ = -\gamma\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= -\gamma\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\right) \\ \frac{\gamma}{2}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= -\frac{\gamma}{2}\left(2\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) \\ i\Delta\omega\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S + \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= \\ = i\Delta\omega\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S + \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= i\Delta\omega\bar{n}\left([\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] + [\hat{\varrho}_S^S, \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger]\right) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

## Řídící rovnice pro tlumený harmonický oscilátor

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\gamma}{2}\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= \\ = \frac{\gamma}{2}\bar{n}\left([\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] + [\hat{\varrho}_S^S, \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger] - 2\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - 2\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + 2\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S + 2\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= \\ = -\gamma\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= -\gamma\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\right) \\ \frac{\gamma}{2}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= -\frac{\gamma}{2}\left(2\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) \\ i\Delta\omega\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S + \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= \\ = i\Delta\omega\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S + \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= i\Delta\omega\bar{n}\left([\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] + [\hat{\varrho}_S^S, \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger]\right) = 0 \\ i\Delta\omega\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= i\Delta\omega\left[\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S\right] \end{aligned}$$

## Řídící rovnice pro tlumený harmonický oscilátor

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\gamma}{2}\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= \\ = \frac{\gamma}{2}\bar{n}\left([\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] + [\hat{\varrho}_S^S, \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger] - 2\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - 2\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + 2\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S + 2\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= \\ = -\gamma\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= -\gamma\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\right) \\ \frac{\gamma}{2}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= -\frac{\gamma}{2}\left(2\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) \\ i\Delta\omega\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S + \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= \\ = i\Delta\omega\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S + \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= i\Delta\omega\bar{n}\left([\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] + [\hat{\varrho}_S^S, \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger]\right) = 0 \\ i\Delta\omega\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) &= i\Delta\omega\left[\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S\right] \end{aligned}$$

Celkem příspěvek k pravé straně řídící rovnice:

$$i\Delta\omega\left[\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S\right] - \frac{\gamma}{2}\left(2\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\right) - \gamma\bar{n}\left(\hat{a}^\dagger\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger\right)$$

- ▶ Neporušená Liouvillova rovnice pro LHO

$$\frac{d\hat{\varrho}_S^S}{dt} = -i\omega_c [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S]$$

- ▶ Neporušená Liouvillovy rovnice pro LHO

$$\frac{d\hat{\varrho}_S^S}{dt} = -i\omega_c [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S]$$

- ▶ Oprava Liouvillovy rovnice daná tlumením

$$i\Delta\omega [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] - \frac{\gamma}{2} (2\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}) - \gamma\bar{n} (\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger)$$

# Řídící rovnice pro tlumený harmonický oscilátor

- ▶ Neporušená Liouvillovy rovnice pro LHO

$$\frac{d\hat{\varrho}_S^S}{dt} = -i\omega_c [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S]$$

- ▶ Oprava Liouvillovy rovnice daná tlumením

$$i\Delta\omega [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] - \frac{\gamma}{2} (2\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}) - \gamma\bar{n} (\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger)$$

- ▶ Hledaná řídící rovnice pro tlumený lineární harmonický oscilátor ve Schrödingerově reprezentaci

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\hat{\varrho}_S^S}{dt} &= -i(\omega_c + \Delta\omega) [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] + \frac{\gamma}{2} [2\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}] + \\ &\quad + \gamma\bar{n} [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger] \end{aligned}$$

# Řídící rovnice pro tlumený harmonický oscilátor

- ▶ Neporušená Liouvillovy rovnice pro LHO

$$\frac{d\hat{\varrho}_S^S}{dt} = -i\omega_c [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S]$$

- ▶ Oprava Liouvillovy rovnice daná tlumením

$$i\Delta\omega [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] - \frac{\gamma}{2} (2\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}) - \gamma\bar{n} (\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger)$$

- ▶ Hledaná řídící rovnice pro tlumený lineární harmonický oscilátor ve Schrödingerově reprezentaci

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\hat{\varrho}_S^S}{dt} &= -i(\omega_c + \Delta\omega) [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] + \frac{\gamma}{2} [2\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}] + \\ &\quad + \gamma\bar{n} [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^S - \hat{\varrho}_S^S \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger] \end{aligned}$$

- ▶ V interakční reprezentaci

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \hat{\varrho}_S^T(t)}{\partial t} &= -i\Delta\omega [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}, \hat{\varrho}_S^S] + \frac{\gamma}{2} [2\hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^T\hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^T - \hat{\varrho}_S^T\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}] + \\ &\quad + \gamma\bar{n} [\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{\varrho}_S^T \hat{a} + \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^T \hat{a}^\dagger - \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}\hat{\varrho}_S^T - \hat{\varrho}_S^T \hat{a}\hat{a}^\dagger] \end{aligned}$$