1. Let  $X_1, \ldots, X_n$  be random variables. Show that the matrix

$$C = (\operatorname{Cov}(X_j, X_k))_{j,k=1}^n = (\mathbb{E}(X_j - \mathbb{E}X_j)(X_k - \mathbb{E}X_k))_{j,k=1}^n$$

is positive semidefinite.

- 2. Let  $X_1, X_2, \ldots$  be independent random variables. Decide, if the variables
  - a)  $Y_n = \max(X_1, \ldots, X_n)$
  - b)  $Z_n = X_1 + \dots + X_n$
  - c)  $W_n = X_1 \cdot \ldots \cdot X_n$

are Markov processes.

- 3. Let  $X_1, X_2, \ldots$  be independent random variables with  $\mathbb{P}(X_i = +1) = p$  and  $\mathbb{P}(X_i = -1) = q = 1 p$ and put  $S_n = X_1 + \cdots + X_n$ . Show that
  - a)  $\mathbb{E}X_i = p q$ ,  $\mathbb{E}S_n = n(p q)$ ,  $\operatorname{Var}[X_n] = 4pq$ ,  $\operatorname{Var}[S_n] = 4npq$ ,
  - b)  $\mathbb{P}(S_{2n+1} = 2k) = \mathbb{P}(S_{2n} = 2k+1) = 0$  for  $k \in \mathbb{Z}$  and  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ,
  - c)  $\mathbb{P}(S_n = k) = 0$  for |k| > n,

d) 
$$\mathbb{P}(S_{2n} = 2k) = {\binom{2n}{n+k}} p^{n+k} q^{n-k}, \mathbb{P}(S_{2n+1} = 2k+1) = {\binom{2n+1}{n+k+1}} p^{n+k+1} q^{n-k} \text{ for } |k| \le n.$$

- 4. Calculate the expected value and the autocovariance function for the following processes.
  - a) Let  $\varphi$  be a random uniformly distributed vector on the unit circle in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and  $X_t = t \cdot \varphi, t \ge 0$ ;
  - b)  $S_n$  is the random walk with parameters p, q = 1 p;
  - c)  $\theta \in \mathbb{R}$  is fixed,  $Y, Z \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$  and  $X(t) = Y \cos(\theta t) + Z \sin(\theta t)$ ;
  - d) Y is uniformly distributed random variable on (0, 1) and  $X_t = te^Y$ ;
  - e) Let  $Y_n, n \in \mathbb{Z}$  be independent random variables with zero mean and variance  $\sigma^2, m \in \mathbb{N}$  is a fixed positive integer and

$$X_n = \frac{1}{2m+1} \sum_{l=n-m}^{n+m} Z_l;$$

- f)  $N = (N_t)_{t \ge 0}$  is the Poisson process;
- g)  $W = (W_t)_{t>0}$  is the Wiener process;
- h)  $B_t = W_t tW_1, t \in [0, 1]$  is the Brownian bridge.